

1. As an object approaches the speed of light, its mass becomes _____

- a) Zero
- b) Double
- c) Remains Same
- d) Infinite

Answer: d

2. If the sun radiates energy at the rate of $4 \times 10^{26} \text{ Js}^{-1}$, what is the rate at which its mass is decreasing?

- a) $5.54 \times 10^9 \text{ kgs}^{-1}$
- b) $4.44 \times 10^9 \text{ kgs}^{-1}$
- c) $3.44 \times 10^9 \text{ kgs}^{-1}$
- d) $2.44 \times 10^9 \text{ kgs}^{-1}$

Answer: b

3. A rod of length 1m moves with a speed of 0.5 c. How much length contraction takes place?

- a) 50 %
- b) 14 %
- c) 10 %
- d) 35 %

Answer: b

4. According to Einstein's Special Theory of Relativity, laws of physics can be formulated based on _____

- a) Inertial Frame of Reference
- b) Non-Inertial Frame of Reference
- c) Both Inertial and Non-Inertial Frame of Reference
- d) Quantum State

Answer: a

5. For Einstein's relation, $E^2 - p^2c^2 =$ _____

- a) m_0c^2
- b) $m_0^2c^4$
- c) m_0c^4
- d) $m_0^2c^6$

Answer: b

6. A frame of reference has four coordinates, x, y, z, and t is referred to as the _____

- a) Inertial frame of reference

- b) Non-inertial frame of reference
- c) Space-time reference
- d) Four-dimensional plane

Answer: c

7. A man, who weighs 60 kg on earth, weighs 61 kg on a rocket, as measured by an observer on earth. What is the speed of the rocket?

- a) 2.5×10^8 m/s
- b) 2.5×10^7 m/s
- c) 5.5×10^7 m/s
- d) 5.5×10^8 m/s

Answer: c

8. The momentum of a photon having energy 1.00×10^{-17} J is _____

- a) 2.33×10^{-26} kg m/s
- b) 3.33×10^{-26} kg m/s
- c) 4.33×10^{-26} kg m/s
- d) 5.33×10^{-26} kg m/s

Answer: b

9. A rod of length 5 m is moving at a speed of $0.6c$. To an observer sitting perpendicular to the direction of motion, the length appears to be _____

- a) 5 m
- b) 4 m
- c) 3 m
- d) 2 m

Answer: a

10.

Two particles approach each other with a velocity of $0.9c$. What is their relative velocity as observed by A?

- a) $0.9c$
- b) 0
- c) $0.99c$
- d) $0.94c$

Answer: c

11. Which of the following is the momentum-energy relation?

- a) $E^2 - p^2c^2 = m_0^2c^2$
- b) $E^2 - p^2c^2 = m_0^2c^4$

- c) $E^2 - p^2c^2 = m_0^2c^3$
- d) $E^2 - p^2c^2 = m_0c^2$

Answer: b

12. 7. What will be the rest energy of an electron?

- a) 0.41 MeV
- b) 0.51 MeV
- c) 0.61 MeV
- d) 0.71 MeV

Answer: b

13. An object of rest mass 6 Kg is moving with a speed of 0.8c. Its effective mass is

- _____
- a) 6 Kg
 - b) 8 Kg
 - c) 10 Kg
 - d) 12 Kg

Answer: c

14. If an object reaches the speed of light, it's length changes to _____

- a) Infinite
- b) Double of the value
- c) Half of the value
- d) Zero

Answer: d

15. In Relativistic case, as the velocity of the particle approaches the speed of light, the Kinetic energy approaches _____

- a) Zero
- b) Kinetic Energy as in Non-Relativistic case
- c) Rest Energy
- d) Infinite

Answer: d